

October / November - 2017

CS - 15: RDBMS using Oracle (New Course)

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 1033003

Tim	e: 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ H	Hours] [Total Marks	: 70
1	Ans (A)	nswer the following questions :  Attempt the following objective questions :		4
		(1)	In an E-R Diagram entity represented by	
		(2)	Which technique is used to decompose data into two dimensional tables ?	
		(3)	To communicate with oracle, SQL supports different languages.	
		(4)	Long Raw data type can hold data.	
	(B)	Atte	empt any one:	2
		(1)	Write a note on E-R Model.	
		(2)	Differentiate: DBMS v/s RDBMS.	
	(C)	empt any one:	3	
		(1)	Write a note on SQL components.	
		(2)	Explain E-F Codd rules in detail.	
	(D)	Atte	empt any one :	5
		(1)	Write a note on operators.	
		(2)	Explain different data types available in SQL.	
2	Attempt the following questions:			
	(A)	Atte	empt the following:	4
		(1)	Which keyword is used to display uniquely data from any specific column ?	

	(2)	Maintaining security and also integrity on any database, then are used.	
	(3)	Which constraints is used to establish parent-child relation between two or more tables ?	
	(4)	is used to group rows based on distinct values for specified column.	
(B)	Atte	empt any one:	2
	(1)	What is the use of set operator? Explain.	
	(2)	Write a note on group by and having clause.	
(C)	Atte	empt any one:	3
	(1)	Explain the functions:	
		(a) to_char() (b) substr() (c) add_months()	
	(2)	What are constraints? Explain.	
(D)	Atte	empt any one:	5
	(1)	Consider these following tables and only solve the	
		query.	
		Tables:	
		<pre>1) student : s_no (primary key),     student_name, course_no (foreign key), age</pre>	
		2) course:-course-no (primary key), course-name	
		Query:	
		- Display all the student name, course name and also age of the students, whose age is between 23 to 27 and course having 'BCA'.	
		- Find out the students whose age is maximum.	
	(2)	Write a note on joins.	
Atte	mpt	the following questions:	
(A)	Atte	empt the following:-	4
	(1)	Which lock is a default locking mechanism in oracle?	
	(2)	index is an entry points to a single row.	
	(3)	Which object is specially created for the data security?	
	(4)	can generate numeric values.	

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	(B)	Attempt any one:		2	
		(1)	Define the term: cluster, snapshot.		
		(2)	What is synonym? Explain.		
	(C)	Attempt any one:			
		(1)	What is view? Explain with suitable example.		
		(2)	What is the use of sequence? Explain.		
	(D)	Attempt any one:		5	
		(1)	What is an index ? Explain in detail.		
		(2)	What is lock? Explain its various types in detail.		
4	Attempt the following questions:				
	(A)	Atte	empt the following:	4	
		(1)	Package is one type of stored programs. (true/false)		
		(2)	Which trigger executes any action after the triggering statement is executed?		
		(3)	cursor is used into update/delete any record from any table.		
		(4)	Which data type is also called a user defined data type?		
	(B)	• •		2	
	` ,	(1)	Differentiate: %type v/s %rowtype.		
		(2)	Differentiate: procedure v/s function.		
	(C)	Atte	empt any one :	3	
		(1)	Explain PL/SQL block structure in detail.		
		(2)	Why we use cursor? Explain its various types.		
	(D)	Atte	empt any one :	5	
		(1)	What is the use of exception? Explain with suitable example.		
		(2)	Consider a customer table having fields id, name, age, address and salary. Create a trigger on this table for insert, update or delete any records and also display the salary difference between the old salary and new salary.		

5	Attempt the following questions:				
	(A)	Attempt the following:			
		(1)	DBWR stands for		
		(2)	Data elements in the database can be modified by using data dictionary. (True/False)		
		(3)	files hold the actual data.		
		(4)	Principal scheduler object is the		
	(B)	Atte	empt any one:	2	
		(1)	Define the term: tablespace, segments,		
		(2)	Write a note on memory structure.		
	(C)	Atte	empt any one:	3	
		(1)	Write a note on instance architecture.		
		(2)	What is initialization parameter ? Explain.		
	(D)	Atte	empt any one :	5	
		(1)	What is oracle scheduler ? Explain.		
		(2)	What is background processes? Explain.		